

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY


(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

REC'D 03 FEB 2006

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Applicant's or agent's file reference 36437PC01	FOR FURTHER ACTION		See Form PCT/PEA/416
International application No. PCT/DK2005/000133	International filing date (day/month/year) 25.02.2005	Priority date (day/month/year) 26.02.2004	
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC G01N33/497, C12Q1/24, G01N1/22			
Applicant THOMSEN BIOSCIENCE AS			
<p>1. This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</p> <p>2. This REPORT consists of a total of 6 sheets, including this cover sheet.</p> <p>3. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising:</p> <p>a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> sent to the applicant and to the International Bureau a total of 3 sheets, as follows:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.</p> <p>b. <input type="checkbox"/> (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s)) , containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in computer readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).</p>			
<p>4. This report contains indications relating to the following items:</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Box No. I Basis of the opinion</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Box No. II Priority</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Box No. VI Certain documents cited</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application</p>			
Date of submission of the demand 22.12.2005		Date of completion of this report 06.02.2006	
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:  European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016		Authorized Officer Gunster, M Telephone No. +31 70 340-4412	



**INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT
ON PATENTABILITY**

International application No.
PCT/DK2005/000133

Box No. I Basis of the report

1. With regard to the **language**, this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
- ☐ This report is based on translations from the original language into the following language , which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:
- ☐ international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b))
 - ☐ publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4)
 - ☐ international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)
2. With regard to the **elements*** of the international application, this report is based on *(replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report)*:

Description, Pages

1-32 as originally filed

Claims, Numbers

1-13 received on 22.12.2005 with letter of 22.12.2005

Drawings, Sheets

1/8-8/8 as originally filed

- ☐ a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing
3. ☐ The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:
- ☐ the description, pages
 - ☐ the claims, Nos.
 - ☐ the drawings, sheets/figs
 - ☐ the sequence listing *(specify)*:
 - ☐ any table(s) related to sequence listing *(specify)*:
4. ☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).
- ☐ the description, pages
 - ☐ the claims, Nos.
 - ☐ the drawings, sheets/figs
 - ☐ the sequence listing *(specify)*:
 - ☐ any table(s) related to sequence listing *(specify)*:

* If item 4 applies, some or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded."

**INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT
ON PATENTABILITY**

International application No.
PCT/DK2005/000133

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Yes: Claims	1-11,13
	No: Claims	12
Inventive step (IS)	Yes: Claims	
	No: Claims	1-13
Industrial applicability (IA)	Yes: Claims	1-13
	No: Claims	

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

**INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY
REPORT ON PATENTABILITY
(SEPARATE SHEET)**

International application No.

PCT/DK2005/000133

Reference is made to the following documents:

- D1: DATABASE BIOSIS [Online] BIOSCIENCES INFORMATION SERVICE, PHILADELPHIA, PA, US; 2003, MAINELIS G ET AL: "Application of electrostatic precipitation for simultaneous determination of culturable and total airborne microorganisms." Database access. no. PREV200300546604;
- D2: MAINELIS G ET AL: "Collection of airborne microorganisms by electrostatic precipitation" AEROSOL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY, vol. 30, no. 2, 1999, pages 127-144;
- D3: US 2003/136205 A1 (TOTOKI SHINICHIRO) 24 July 2003;
- D4: WO 03/031067 A (MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY) 17 April 2003;
- D5: DE 2756164 A1 (BECK, CH) 21 June 1979;
- D6: US 6126800 A (CAILLAT ET AL) 3 October 2000.

NOVELTY

The subject-matter of claims 1-11 and 13 is new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT, as it is not comprised in the state of the art.

The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject-matter of claim 12 is not new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT. Document D3 (paragraphs [0117] - [0130] and figure 6) discloses a device containing

- a chip site (electrode 4),
- an electrical interface between the device and the chip for applying an electrostatic field between the electrodes,
- a programmable unit comprising software for performing the application of an electrostatic field between the electrodes.

Consequently, the subject-matter of claim 12 is not new.

INVENTIVE STEP

The present application does not meet the requirements of Article 33(1) PCT, because the

subject-matter of claims 1-... does not involve an inventive step in the sense of Article 33(3) PCT.

Document D2 is the **closest prior art** (figure 2; page 133, right-hand column, paragraph 3; page 131, left-hand column, first paragraph). This document discloses methods for collecting and analysing biological particles from air comprising:

- 1) providing a sample chamber between two electrodes that are about 2.2 cm apart [this distance is inferable by the dimensions of the through, which is 4,8 cm wide],
- 2) providing a gaseous sample to the sample chamber,
- 3) applying a potential to the electrodes to electrostatically collect the biological particles,
- 4) contacting the biological particles collected in the sample chamber with a first liquid.
- 5) performing further analysis.

The **additional technical feature** of claim 1 over D2 is that the electrodes are at the most 2 cm apart.

The **problem** to be solved by the present invention may therefore be regarded as the provision of an alternative method for collecting and analysing biological particles from air. The **solution** to this problem can be found in spacing the electrodes at the most 2 cm apart.

In order to provide an alternative setup it is merely a standard modification option to down size the electrode distance by 10%. Consequently, the subject-matter of claim 1 is obvious.

Dependent claims 2-9 do not contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT).

Document D2 is the **closest prior art** (figure 2; page 128, last paragraph - page 129, first paragraph; page 129, last paragraph). This document discloses an electrostatic aerosol sampler used for the collection of biological particles where the collection surface was a glass plate (chip). Thus, D2 discloses a chip (glass plate):

- 1) comprised in a sample chamber comprising a gaseous sample said chamber

- having two openings, one towards the air another towards a device, said sample chamber being between two electrodes that are about 2.2 cm apart
- 2) wherein inherently because of its use as a biological particle collector a biological particle is present on at least one of the two electrodes.

The **additional technical feature** of claim 10 over D2 is that the electrodes are at the most 2 cm apart.

The **problem** to be solved by the present invention may therefore be regarded as the provision of an alternative chip for collecting and analysing biological particles from air. The **solution** to this problem can be found in spacing the electrodes at the most 2 cm apart.

In order to provide an alternative setup it is merely a standard modification option to down size the electrode distance by 10%. Consequently, the subject-matter of claim 10 is obvious.

Dependent claim 11 does not contain any features which, in combination with the features of claim 10 to which it refers, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT).

The subject-matter of claim 13 is not inventive in the sense of Article 33(3) PCT, because it merely concerns the juxtaposition of a known device and a non-inventive chip which are in the same technical field.

INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

The subject-matter of claims 1-13 is industrially applicable in the field of biological particle detection.

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PCT publication no.: WO 2005/083 391

Title: Method, chip, device, and system for collection of particles

Applicant: Thomsen Bioscience A/S

P&V reference: 36437PC01

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Response to first Written Opinion dated 17 August 2005

AMENDED CLAIMS

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1. A method for collecting, and optionally also detecting, a biological particle from air, the method comprising the steps of:

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1) providing a sample chamber and a first and a second electrode, the first and the second electrode and the sample chamber being so positioned that at least a part of the sample chamber is between the first and the second electrode, and the first and a second electrode is separated by a distance being at the most 20 mm,

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2) providing an gaseous sample in sample chamber,

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3) applying an first potential to the first electrode and a second potential to the second electrode, thus resulting in a potential difference and an electric field between the first and second electrode, to assist electrostatic collection, in the sample chamber, of a biological particle in the gaseous sample,

4) contacting the biological particle collected in the sample chamber with a first liquid, and

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5) subjecting the collected biological particle to further analysis.

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2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the first potential of the first electrode and the second potential of the second electrode, and thus the electric field between the first and the second electrode, are selected so as to yield a capture efficiency of at least 50% for biological particles having an effective length in the interval from 1-10 micrometer.

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3. The method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the first and/or the second electrodes have a substantial form chosen from the group of: a sheet, a plate, a disc, a wire, a rod, a point; or any combination thereof.

4. The method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the first and a second electrode are separated by a distance being at the most 10 mm.

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5. The method according to claim 1, wherein at least a part of the gaseous sample in sample chamber is positioned or flows between the first and the second electrode.

6. The method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the biological particle comprises a component selected from the group consisting of a microorganism, a virus, a plant spore, and a fragment thereof.

7. The method according to claim 6, wherein microorganism is a bacterial spore.

8. The method according to claim 7, wherein the bacterial spore is formed by a bacterium selected from the genus *Bacillus* and/or the genus *Clostridium*.

9. The method according to claim 8, wherein the bacterial spore is a spore formed by *Bacillus anthracis*.

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10. A chip for collection of biological particles, the chip comprising a sample chamber comprising:

- a sample chamber with a first opening in fluid connection with the surrounding air and a second opening to form a fluid connection with a device, the sample chamber comprising an gaseous sample,
- a first and a second electrode positioned at opposing sides of the sample chamber, the first and a second electrode is separated by a distance of at the most 20 mm, and
- a biological particle attached to the first or the second electrode.

11. The chip according to claim 10, wherein the electric field magnitude is in the range of 50-2000 V/mm.

12. A device for collecting biological particles in a chip, the device comprising:

- a chip site where the chip is to be located in order be functionally associated with the device,
- an electrical interface between the device and the chip for applying an electrostatic field between the electrodes of the sample chamber, and
- a programmable unit comprising a software that effects that the device performs one or more actions selected from the group consisting of:

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- applying an electrical field between the first and second electrodes to assist electrostatic capturing, in the sample chamber, of biological particles in the gaseous sample,

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- contacting collected biological particles in the sample chamber with a first liquid reagent, and

- performing further analysis of the collected biological particles by performing a nucleic acid amplification by operating a heating electrode.

Thursday 22 of Dec 2005, P&V +4533639600

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13. A system for collecting biological particles, the system comprising a chip according to any of claim 10-11 functionally associated with a device according to claim 12.

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